J Korean Neurosurg Soc | 2023 Apr 10. [Epub ahead of Print]

Supplementary Table 1. Detailed summary of 31 patients with surgical site infection

Case No.	Days to onset	Reason for initial craniectomy	Organism	Treatment for surgical site infection	Last follow-up
Superficial					
1	9	Acute subdural hematoma	Not isolated	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
2	11	Vestibular schwannoma	Not isolated	Intravenous antibiotics	No recurrence
3	54	Skull fracture without open	No isolated	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
4	59	Acute subdural hematoma	No isolated	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
Deep (muscle o	r epidural spac	ce)			
5	4	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
6	5	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
7	5	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
8	5	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
9	7	Malignant infarction	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
10	7	Spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
11	7	Epidermoid cyst	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Intravenous antibiotics	No recurrence
12	10	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
13	10	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Recurrence after re-cranioplasty Skull defect status
14	11	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant coagulase-negative Staphylococcus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Death during treatment
15	11	Low grade glioma	Methicillin-resistant coagulase-negative Staphylococcus	Aspiration of infected fluid and intravenous antibiotics	No recurrence
16	13	Spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
17	14	Spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
18	15	Malignant infarction	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus	Wound revision and debridement of infected	No recurrence

Supplementary Table 1. Continued

Case No.	Days to onset	Reason for initial craniectomy	Organism	Treatment for surgical site infection	Last follow-up
19	20	Skull fracture without open wound	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence after re-cranioplasty
20	20	Spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage	No isolated	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
21	27	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and debridement of infected tissue	No recurrence
22	46	Glioblastoma	Methicillin- sensitive Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull detect status
23	64	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Recurrence after re-cranioplasty Skull defect status
24	92	Spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
25	333	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
Organ/space (s	ubdural space,	cerebrospinal fluid, or brain pa	renchyme)		
26	9	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
27	10	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Recurrence after re-cranioplasty Skull defect status
28	13	Craniopharyngioma	Multidrug-resistant Acinetobacter baumannii	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Death during treatmen
29	70	Acute subdural hematoma	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence Skull defect status
30	73	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	No recurrence after re-cranioplasty
31	89	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus	Wound revision and removal of bone flap and infected tissue	Recurrence after re-cranioplasty Skull defect status